Central Research Institute for Dryland Agriculture, Hyderabad Annual Report (NICRA-TDC) – 2020-21

Name of the KVK and village: KVK, Kendrapara (Village: Ratanpur)

1: Natural Resource Management Interventions

In-situ moisture conservation measures (Please provide your inputs about the performance of the interventions with reference to the rainfall, climatic vulnerability (drought, flood/ cold wave/heat wave, etc.) crop growth, soils, etc. at the end of table)

Interventions	Det Tech	ails of inology	Critical inputs provided from the project	No. of demos	No. of farmers involved in the demonstration	Area un in the	ider practice village (ha)	Crop (q/ (Ave	yields ha) rage)	Eco	nomics of d (Rs./ (Aver	lemonstrat ha) 'age)	ion	Econom	ics of local (Avera	practice (R age)	Rs./ha)
	Crop Name	Name of variety	(Machinery, cost for			N	DC	D		Gross Cost	Gross Return	Net Return	BCR	Gross Cost	Gross Return	Net Return	BCR
			renovation, irrigation systems, seed etc.)			Now (2020)	Before initiation of NICRA project	Demo	Local								
Trench cum bunding																	
BBF																	
Ridges and furrows	Cowpea	Namdhari	Seeds	10	10	1.5	0.5	100	92	58700	110000	51300	1.87	56700	98000	43301	1.72
-	Beans	Namdhai	Seeds	10	10	1	0	100	-	-	-	-	-	68500	100000	31501	1.46
	Radish	Pusa Chetaki	Seeds	10	10	1.25	0.25	230	217	70200	150000	79800	2.14	62600	125000	62400	2.00
Contour trenching																	
Contour cultivation																	
FIRB method																	
Mulching (organic/ plastic)	Brinjal	Swarna shyamali	QPM & polythine mulching sheet	10	10	1.0	-	365	315	99900	220500	120600	2.44	108700	255500	146800	2.70
Conservation furrow																	
Field bunding	Rice	Swarna sub 1	Machinery cost	10	10	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bed and furrows																	
Compartmental bunding																	
Summer deep ploughing	Rice	Swarna sub 1	Machinery cost	10	10	22	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Conservation tillage																	
where appropriate																	
like zero tillage/																	
minimum tillage																	
etc																	
Land leveling/ Laser																	
land leveling																	
Any other specify																	

2: *Ex-situ* moisture conservation measures (Water harvesting and efficient use/critical/supplemental irrigation)

(Please provide your inputs about the performance of the interventions with reference to the rainfall, climatic vulnerability (drought, flood/ cold wave/heat wave, etc.) crop growth, soils, etc. at the end of table)

Interventions	Detail Techno	s of ology	Critical inputs provided from the project (Machinery	No. of demos	No. of farmers involved in the demonstration	Area ur in the	nder practice village (ha)	Measu indicato yields*	urable ors Crop ^r (q/ha) rage)	Eco	nomics of d (Rs./ (Aver	lemonstrati ha) age)	ion	Econom	nics of local (Aver	practice (l age)	Rs./ha)
	Crop Name	Name of variety	cost for renovation, irrigation systems, seed etc.)			Now (2020)	Before initiation of NICRA project	Demo	Local	Gross Cost	Gross Return	Net Return	BCR	Gross Cost	Gross Return	Net Return	BCR
Community ponds																	
Farm ponds	Vegetables		Machinery cost	01	25	0.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jalkunds																	
Arhars/ Pynes																	
Check dams																	
Polybag/ Sand bag																	
check dams																	
Open well																	
Bore well																	
Percolation tank																	
Improved drainage																	
in flood prone																	
areas (Desilting of																	
drainage channel)																	
Artificial ground																	
water recharge																	
measures																	
Drip irrigation																	
Sprinkler irrigation																	
Rain gun irrigation																	
Any other (Pl.																	
specify)																	

*Mention crop being taken up in each demonstrations

3: Soil health improvement interventions

(Please provide your inputs about the performance of the interventions with reference to the rainfall, climatic vulnerability (drought, flood/ cold wave/heat wave, etc.) crop growth, soils, etc. at the end of table)

Interventions	Det: Tech	ails of nology	No. of Demos	No. of farmers involved in the demonstration	Are prac vill	ea under tice in the lage (ha)	Measura indicators yields (q/	ible Crop 'ha)	Ecor	omics of a (Rs. (Aver	lemonstra /ha) rage)	ition	Eco	nomics of (Rs. (Aver	local prac /ha) rage)	tice
	Crop	Name					(Averag	ge)	Gross	Gross	Net	BCR	Gross	Gross	Net	BCR
	Name	of variety			Now	Before initiation of NICRA project	Demo	Local	Cost	Return	Return		Cost	Return	Return	
Soil health cards issued and how they are used																
Tank silt application																
Site specific nutrient management																
Green manuring	Rice	Swarna sub1	20	20	20	-	12t greenmatter /ha	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Correction of nutrient deficiency																
Gypsum application																
Crop residue incorporation instead of burning																
Vermicomposting																
Any other specify																

Add rows if necessary

4: Crop Production Interventions

(Please provide your inputs about the performance of the interventions with reference to the rainfall, climatic vulnerability (drought, flood/ cold wave/heat wave, etc.) crop growth, soils, etc. at the end of table)

Interventions	Details of	Technology	No. of Demos	No. of fa	armers	Area practi	under ce (ha)	Crop yi (q/ha) (Av	ield* verage)	% increase	Econom	ics of demo (Avera	nstration (1 nge)	Rs./ha)	Eco	nomics of l (Aver:	ocal (Rs./h age)	a)
	Crop Name	Name of variety		Involved	Area taken up with demo (ha)	After NICRA	Before NICRA	Demo	Local	in yield over local	Gross Cost	Gross Return	Net Return	BCR	Gross Cost	Gross Return	Net Return	BCR
Short duration varieties																		
Drought tolerant/ improved varieties	Rice	Sahabhagi Dhan	15	15	10	10	-	39	32	22.5	43500	70590	27090	1.62	42000	57920	15920	1.37
Flood tolerant varieties	Rice	Swarna sub 1	15	15	10	22	-	41	34	20.58	44500	74210	29710	1.66	43000	61540	18540	1.43
Advancement of planting dates of <i>rabi</i> crops in areas with terminal heat stress	Rice- blackgram Paira croppng	Sahabhagi Dhan and PU 31	25	25	10	15	-	62(REY)	38	63	65000	1,12,220	47220	1.72	43000	68,780	25780	1.59
Water saving paddy cultivation methods (SRI)																		
Water saving paddy cultivation methods (aerobic paddy)																		
Water saving paddy cultivation methods (direct seeding)																		
Frost/ cold wave management in horticultural crops through fumigation																		
Contingency crops	Blackgram (Post flood)	PU 31	10	10	10	15	5	5.4	4.8	12.5	21500	35,100	13600	1.63	20,000	31200	11200	1.56
Location specific intercropping systems demonstrated																		
Conservation tillage where appropriate like zero tillage/ minimum tillage etc																		

Interventions	Details of	Technology	No. of Demos	No. of fa	armers	Area	under	Crop y	ield* verage)	% increase	Economi	ics of demo	nstration (Rs./ha)	Eco	nomics of l (Aver	ocal (Rs./h	a)
	Crop Name	Name of variety	Demos	Involved	Area taken up with demo (ha)	After NICRA	Before NICRA	Demo	Local	in yield over local	Gross Cost	Gross Return	Net Return	BCR	Gross Cost	Gross Return	Net Return	BCR
Crop diversification	Ginger	Suprava	10	10	1	1	0	175	-		220160	525000	304840	2.38	-	-	-	-
	Turmeric	Suruchi	10	10	1	1	0	60	-		188200	300000	111800	1.59	-	-	-	-
	Potato	Kufri jyoti	10	10	1	15	7	300	250	20.0	93800	180000	86200	1.92	91800	150000	58200	1.63
	Yam	Orissa elite	10	10	1	1	0.5	237	200	18.5	181400	355500	174100	1.96	179400	300000	120600	1.67
	Elephant foot yam	Gajendra	10	10	1	1	0.4	245	200	22.5	162300	367500	205200	2.26	159300	300000	140700	1.88
	Colocassia	Muktakeshi	10	10	1	2	1	235	200	17.5	71700	188000	116300	2.62	79700	160000	80300	2.00
Nutrient spray during drought																		
Low cost poly houses																		
Low cost tunnels for minimising impact of frost/ cold wave																		
Integrated Farming Systems (mention components and area) Others (if any)																		

*Make a separate row for each crop and variety demonstrated

5: Livestock & Fisheries

(Please provide your inputs about the performance of the interventions with reference to the rainfall, climatic vulnerability (drought, flood/ cold wave/heat wave, etc.) crop growth, soils, etc. at the end of table)

Interventions	Technology	Critical	No. of	No. of	Area	ea Measurable		%	Eco	nomics of d	lemonstra	tion	Ecor	nomics of o	demonstra	tion
	demonstrated	input from	demos	farmers	(ha)/	indicat	ors of	increase		(Rs./	'ha)			(Rs.	/ha)	
		the project		involved	no.	outp	ut*	over		(Aver	·age)			(Ave	rage)	
		(Variety,				(Aver	age)	local		1		-		-		
		Breed, etc.)				Demo	Local		Gross	Gross	Net	BCR	Gross	Gross	Net	BCR
									Cost	Return	Return		Cost	Return	Return	
Introduction of new	Cultivation of	Co 4 and Co	10	10	2	200q/ha	-	-	70000	1,00000	30000	1.42	-	-	-	-
fodder crops or new	Hybrid Napier	5 cuttings														
varieties	Co4 & Co 5															
-Improved fodder/feed																
storage methods																
(Silage/ hay/ etc.)															L	
Preventive vaccination															Ļ	
Improved shelters for	Improved															
reducing heat stress/	poultry housing															
cold stress/ water	system															
logging/ flood and																
diseases in livestock	Turnery d a set															
	housing system															
	Scientific														<u> </u>	
	management of															
	cowshed															
Introduction of	Kadaknath															
improved breeds	Poultry															
(Poultry/ goat/fish	5															
Management of fish																
ponds / tanks during																
water scarcity and																
excess water																
Improved feeding like																
location specific																
mineral mixtures or																
mineral bricks			ļ						ļ				ļ		 	
Any others like Pig,																
Duck farming	1				1				1				1			

* Output is in terms of litres (milk), number (eggs), kgs (meat), kg/ha (dry fodder yield)

6: Institutional Interventions

(Please provide your inputs about the performance of the interventions with reference to the rainfall, climatic vulnerability (drought, flood/ cold wave/heat wave, etc.) crop growth, soils, etc. at the end of table)

Interventions		Details of ac	ctivity	Critical input from the	No. of	Unit /
	Name of crops	Quantity produced	Technology used in seed / fodder	project (Equipment/ Breed	farmers	No. /
	/varieties Commodity	(Q)/ Number / Total	production systems & function of	/ Variety / planting	involved/	Area
	groups / Implements	rental Charges	groups	material, doses)	benefited	(ha)
	used by number of	collected (Rs.)/Area				benefited
	farmers	covered (ha)				
Seed production systems	Rice-Swarna sub1	10 q	Production of TLS from certified seed	Certified seed of Swarna	5	0.5 ha
			with recommended package of practices	sub1		
Fodder production systems	Hybrid Napier	5t	Production of hybrid napier variety Co 4	Cuttings of Co4 and Co 5	10	0.4 ha
			and Co 5			
Commodity groups						
Custom hiring centre	Power tiller, water	Rs 4000		Form CHC at NICRA	35	12 ha
	pump, sprayer, Tractor			village		
Collective marketing						
Climate literacy through a						
village level weather station						
Any other (Pl. specify)						

7: Capacity Building taken up (HRD)

SI.	Thematic area	Title of training	No. of	N	o. of	Da	nte	Feedback from farmers
No.			programmes	benet	ficiaries			
				Male	Female	from	to	
1	ICM	Cultivation practices of swarna sub 1 and Sahabhagi Dhan	01	11	14			
2	Soil Health	Organic amendments as green manure to improve soil fertility	01	16	09			
	Management							
3	Crop diversification	Crop Diversification to combat climate change effect	01	12	13			
4	INM	INM in Rice- blackgram Paira cropping system	01	14	11			
5	Moisture	Insitu Moisture conservation through organic mulching	01	15	10			
	Conservation							
6	QPM	Scientific raising of vegetable seedlings under low cost poly	01	9	16	9.7.2020	9.7.2020	Weekly skill development
		house						training required
7	Varietal	Scientific cultivation of tuber crops	01	17	8	15.6.2020	15.6.2020	
	supplementation							

8: Extension Activities

Name of the activity	Details about	Number of programs	Time of the program conducted	No. of ber	neficiaries	Remarks
	the activity		(From to)	Male	Female	
Exposure visit of farmers						
Exposure visit of students						
Strengthening SHGs						
Strengthening kisan clubs						
Field days						
Method demonstrations						
Awareness						
Others (if any)						

Note: 1) Please don't change format heads. 2) All the required specific information should be given.

9: Rainfall characteristics for the year 2020-21

	Month	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	Annual
Rainfall received in (mm)		150.8	134.0	755.4	81.3	343.0	5	0	0	
No. of dry spells during kharif	>10days	01	01	-	01	-	-	-	-	
season 2020	>15days	-	01	-	01	-	-	-	-	
	>20days	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
No. of intensive rain spells (2020)	>60 mm per day	01	02	05	-	-	-	-	-	
	Waterlogging/Flooding observed (number of days)	-	07	12	-	11				
Any other extreme events (Heat	No									
wave, Cold wave, frost)										
observed during the season										
Contingency measures adopted	1) Life-saving irrigation to the rice nursery									
during the season	during dry spell by adopting community									
	nursery approach									
	2) Growing of flood tolerant rice variety									
	Swarna Sub-1 to combat flood									

village/ iX v iX)																
									Day							
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	June	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	3	12	7
	July	0	0	0	0	92	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	22	32	0
	August	0	0	0	32	138	22	0	7	4	0	0	0	0	22	118
Dainfall (mm)	September	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
Kainian (mm)	October	31	11	22	4	46	19	30	8	14	0	3	0	0	16	32
	November	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	December	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	January	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

10: Day-wise rainfall distribution in the village during *kharif* 2020; Rainfall recorded at <u>Ratanpur, Marshaghai</u> mention the place (NICRA village/ KVK??)

									D	ay							
		16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
	June	42	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	32	0	-
	July	8	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	18	0	0	3
	August	7	0	0	114	75	5	3	0	13	8	234	12	0	0	0	0
	September	0	0	0	0	0	16	14	6	0	0	14	3	0	0	15	-
Rainian (inin)	October	15	0	0	4	3	5	52	12	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	November	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
	December	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	January	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

11: Impact of contingency measures taken up in the village (Relate the dry spells/floods/heat wave/cold wave/etc., with crops and their growth stages) (Please provide your inputs about the performance of the interventions with reference to the rainfall, climatic vulnerability (drought, flood/ cold wave/heat wave, etc.) crop growth, soils, etc. at the end of table)

S.	Dry spell/ heat wave/cold	Duration (from	Crop	Crop stage	Intervention taken up*	Number of	Impact on crop yields (q/ha)			
No	wave/frost (no. of days)	to)	name	Affected		farmers involved	Farmers' practice	Demo	Increase over farmers' practice	
1	Dry spell	July 1 st and 2 nd week	Rice	Seedling stage	Community nursery	15	-	-	-	
2	Flood	August 2 nd week and October 1 st week	Rice	Tillering stage and PI stage	Cultivation of flood tolerant rice variety Swarna Sub-1	15	41	34	20.58	
3				-						

* List the interventions taken up for each crop

12: Adoption of successful interventions in the NICRA village & the adjoining villages

	Successful interventions	Crop	Variety	Extent of adoption in the village in ha (2020)
NRM				
1.	Summer ploughing	Rice	-	22 Ha
2.	Green manuring	Rice	-	18 Ha
CROP				
1.	Cultivation of flood tolerant rice variety Swarna Sub-1	Rice	Swarna Sub-1	15 Ha
2.	Rice-Blackgram paira cropping	Rice, Blackgram	Sahabhagi Dhan and PU-31	12 Ha
Livesto	ck			
1.	Rearing of poultry breed 'Kadaknath'			
2.	Breed upgradation in goat by Beetal buck			

13: Details about agro advisories issued (Organization giving the forecast: IMD (AICRP on Agro-meteorology), forecast is based on the district or the block: District, -Organization giving the agromet advisory OUAT; How the advisories are disseminated in the NICRA village: Text messages and WhatsApp messages

Agromet advisory Bulletins issued

(Please provide your inputs about the performance of the advisory with reference to the rainfall forecasted at the end of table)												
Month	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January				
Number of agromet bulletins issued	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
Other advisories issued												

14: Popularization of Climate Resilient Varieties

Crop*	Climate Resilient Varieties incorporated in the <i>Kharif</i> 2020 plan of the State Department	Approx. area brought under the variety by the state department during the Kharif 2020 (ha)	Climate Resilient Varieties incorporated in the <i>Rabi</i> 2020 plan of the State Department	Approx. area brought under the variety by the state department during the <i>Rabi</i> 2020 (ha)
Crop1: RICE	Swarna Sub-1	150 Ha	-	
			-	
Crop2:	Variety 1		Variety 1	
	Variety 2		Variety 2	
Crop3	Variety 1		Variety 1	
	Variety 2		Variety 2	
Crop4	Variety 1		Variety 1	
	Variety 2		Variety 2	
Crop4	Variety 1		Variety 1	
	Variety 2		Variety 2	

15: Awards Received during the year for the work related to NICRA

Name of the award	Given by whom	When the award was given
Young Researcher Award	Institute of Scholars, Bengaluru, Karnataka	November, 2020

16: Distinguished visitors to the NICRA village during the year

Name of the person	When the visit occurred	Significant comments/ suggestions				

17: Amount (Rs.) mobilized through convergence from various departments

S. No.	Activity/ Intervention	No. of farmers benefited	Coverage [Area (ha)]	Convergence established with (Name of the programme or department)	Approx. amount (Rs.) mobilized

18: Publications and other products/Video films etc., developed during the year

19: Lessons learnt from the project

Si	gnificant observations	Performance of interventions	Adoption of interventions	Livelihood improvement			
1.	The flash flood damages entire crop of rice in the village. Hence, flood tolerant rice variety Swarna Sub- 1 was introduced.	Cultivation of flood tolerant rice variety Swarna Sub-1 withstands water submergence up to 10-12 days and yields 21 % more than the locals.	The variety has been well adopted by the village as well as the adjacent villages. The area under this variety has been expaced to >25 Ha in the village.	The farmers experienced higher income from cultivation of this variety thereby resulting in improved livelihood condition.			

S.No.	Equipment	Number of units	Year of purchase	Whether the equipment is in working condition or not
	purchased	purchased		
1.				
2.				
3.				
4.				
5.				
6.				
7.				
8.				
9.				
10.				
11.				
12.				
13.				

20: Equipment procured under custom hiring center since the inception of the programme

21: Success stories of the farmers

Success story-1									
Name of farmer	Akshaya Swain								
Age	46								
Mobile	9556606950								
Address	Ratanpur								
	Marshaghai	Photo of farmer							
	Kendrapara								
Land holdings	Rainfed- 4 Acre								
(Rainfed & Irrigated)	Irrigated-1 Acre								
Livestock	2 dairy animals								
	25 poultry birds								
Technology demonstrated:	Rice fallow to Rice- Blackgram Paira cropping sys	stem							
Problem identified:	In rainfed situation, only long duration low yield	ing rice is grown. In							
	the next season the land is remaining vacant du	e to lack of enough							
	moisture								
Description of technology:	In the medium land situation, the long to mediu	m duration rice e.g.							
	Swarna, Pooja is being replaced by the short duration rice DRR								
	Swarnashreya. As a result the rice crop is harveste	ed 20-25 days earlier							
	than the stipulated time period of harvest. In the f	ield rice –blackgram							
	paira cropping is practiced. Before 10 days harvest of the rice crop,								
T	Diackgrain seeds of the variety PU-31 is being broadcasted.								
Impact of intervention:	Before the implementation of this cropping system under post flood situation formare ware growing only rise as thereif over followed by								
	situation farmers were growing only rice as <i>kharif</i> crop followed by								
	fallow land due to lack of the soil moisture for rai	tallow land due to lack of the soil moisture for rabi crop. By adopting							
	Additional revenue concretion by taking block	eu.							
	1. Additional revenue generation by taking black	gram as second crop							
	ii The residual moisture in the rice follow	is utilized by the							
	hlackgram resulting in higher resource use effi	ciency							
	iii The existing cropping intensity is doubled du	to introduction of							
	double cron instead of sole cronning of rice and	d fallow							
	iv As a legume crop is introduced into the system	stem it restores soil							
	fertility through biological nitrogen fixation.								
	v. An extra net income of Rs.10.200/- out of 3.5	5 g/ha vield of black							
	gram PU-31	1 5							
How the interventions	As a result of this intervention, we are getting a	lmost 30 days extra							
minimized the impact of	with enough soil moisture status due to change in	variety and sowing							
climate variability	window of blackgram. Rice-Blackgram cropp	ing is a profitable							
, v	system from economic as well as soil health m	anagement point of							
	view. In addition to this it improves soil fertility	y by following crop							
	rotation principle.								
Yield and Economics:	The REY of the rice-blackgram paira cropping sy	ystem is found to be							
	62 q/ha with a maximum net return of Rs 47220 and	nd BCR of 1.72.							

Farmer name	Technology demonstrated		Area under practice in the village (ha)		Crop yields (q/ha) (Average)		Economics of demonstration (Rs./ha)				Economics of local practice (Rs./ha)			
	Crop Name	Crop Name of Name variety		<u> </u>	,	0,	Gross	Gross	Net	BCR	Gross	Gross	Net	BCR
			Now	Before initiation of NICRA project	Demo	Local	Cost	Return	Return		Cost	Return	Return	
Cultivation of Sahabhagi Dhan														
Farmer1	Rice	Sahabhagi Dhan	10	-	40	32	43500	72400	28900	1.66	42000	57920	15920	1.37
Farmer2	Rice	Sahabhagi Dhan	10	-	38	32	43500	68780	25280	1.58	42000	57920	15920	1.37
Farmer3	Rice	Sahabhagi Dhan	10	-	39	32	43500	70590	27090	1.62	42000	57920	15920	1.37
Farmer4	Rice	Sahabhagi Dhan	10	-	41	32	43500	74210	30710	1.70	42000	57920	15920	1.37
Farmer5	Rice	Sahabhagi Dhan	10	-	40	32	43500	72400	28900	1.66	42000	57920	15920	1.37

21: Prepare farmer wise table for each of the demonstration

Farmer name	name Technology demonstrated		chnologyArea under practice inmonstratedthe village (ha)		Crop yie (Ave	Crop yields (q/ha) (Average)		Economics of demonstration (Rs./ha)				Economics of local practice (Rs./ha)			
	Crop Name	Name of			Ì	、		Gross	Net	BCR	Gross	Gross	Net	BCR	
		variety	Now	Before initiation of NICRA project	Demo	Local	Cost	Cost Return	Keturn		Cost	Return	Keturn		
Cultivation of Swarna Sub 1															
Farmer1	Rice	Swarna Sub 1	22	-	41	34	44500	74210	29710	1.66	43000	61540	18540	1.43	
Farmer2	Rice	Swarna Sub 1	22	-	42	34	44500	76020	31520	1.70	43000	61540	18540	1.43	
Farmer3	Rice	Swarna Sub 1	22	-	40	34	44500	72400	27900	1.62	43000	61540	18540	1.43	
Farmer4	Rice	Swarna Sub 1	22	-	40	34	44500	72400	27900	1.62	43000	61540	18540	1.43	
Farmer5	Rice	Swarna Sub 1	22	-	41	34	44500	74210	29710	1.66	43000	61540	18540	1.43	

Farmer name	Technology demonstrated		Area under practice in the village (ha)		Crop yields (q/ha) (Average)		Economics of demonstration (Rs./ha)				Economics of local practice (Rs./ha)			
	Crop	Name of variety					Gross	Gross	Net	BCR	Gross	Gross	Net	BCR
	Name		Now	Before initiation of NICRA project	Demo	Local	Cost	Return	Return		Cost	Return	Return	
Rice- blackgram Paira cropping														
Farmer1	Rice- blackgram	Sahabhagi dhan, PU-31	15	-	61(REY)	38	65000	110410	45410	1.69	43000	68,780	25780	1.59
Farmer2	Rice- blackgram	Sahabhagi dhan, PU-31	15	-	60(REY)	38	65000	108600	43600	1.67	43000	68,780	25780	1.59
Farmer3	Rice- blackgram	Sahabhagi dhan, PU-31	15	-	62(REY)	38	65000	1,12,220	47220	1.72	43000	68,780	25780	1.59
Farmer4	Rice- blackgram	Sahabhagi dhan, PU-31	15	-	60(REY)	38	65000	108600	43600	1.67	43000	68,780	25780	1.59
Farmer5	Rice- blackgram	Sahabhagi dhan, PU-31	15	-	62(REY)	38	65000	1,12,220	47220	1.72	43000	68,780	25780	1.59

Please provide information in the same format for all the demonstrations taken up during the year 2020. This includes technologies demonstrated in NRM, crops, livestock fisheries.